

## Secretary of State Business Programs Division

Notary Public, P.O. Box 942877, Sacramento, CA 94277-0001

November 5, 2013

To: Notary Public Education Vendors

From: Alicia Stewart

Notary Public & Special Filings Section

Subject: New Laws and Information

## New Law:

Statutes of 2013, Chapter 78 (Assembly Bill 464, Daly), Chapter 159 (Assembly Bill 625, Quirk) and Chapter 618 (Assembly Bill 924, Bigelow) take effect January 1, 2014 and all make changes to notarial law. The text of the new laws can be found at <a href="legislature.ca.gov/">legislature.ca.gov/</a>.

The changes to notarial law provided by Assembly Bill 464 are as follows:

- 1. California Civil Code section 1188 Certificate of Acknowledgment. Existing law requires an officer to use a certificate of acknowledgment that is <u>substantially</u> in the form prescribed in California Civil Code section 1189. The statute was amended to require the use of the <u>exact</u> certificate of acknowledgment prescribed in California Civil Code section 1189.
- 2. California Civil Code section 1195 Proof of Execution by a Subscribing Witness. Existing law authorizes the use of a specified form or substantially similar form as a certificate for proof of execution of an instrument. The statute was amended to require the exact form of certificate prescribed by California Civil Code section 1195 for proof of execution of an instrument. The wording in the form also was amended. The certificate required to be used is:

State of California County of	
On(date), before me,(name is(name of subscribing witness), proved to me subscribed to the within instrument, as a witness to credible witness), a credible witness who is known identifying document(name of subscribing that he/she was present and saw/heard(name of subscribed in and whose name(s) is/are subscribed his/her/their authorized capacity(ies) as (a) party(in executing the same, and that said affiant subscribing instrument as a witness at the request of(name of subscribing the same, and that said affiant subscribing instrument as a witness at the request of(name of subscribing the same, and that said affiant subscribing instrument as a witness at the request of(name of subscribing the same, and that said affiant subscribing instrument as a witness at the request of(name of subscribing that he/she was present and saw/heard(name of subscribing that he/she was present and saw/heard(name of subscribing that he/she was present and saw/heard(name of subscribing that he/she was present and saw/heard	te to be the person whose name is hereto, on the oath of(name of not ome and provided a satisfactory witness), being by me duly sworn, said ame[s] of principal[s]), the same person(s) do to the within or attached instrument in es) thereto, execute or acknowledge ed his/her name to the within or attached
WITNESS my hand and official seal. Signature	(Seal)

The change to notarial law provided by Assembly Bill 625 is as follows:

California Civil Code section 1185 – Identification. Existing law specifies that an inmate identification card that has been issued by the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation is valid identification if the inmate is in custody and the card is current or has been issued within the last 5 years with certain specific information, including a photograph and description of the person named on the identification, is signed by the person, and has a serial or other identifying number or if the inmate is in custody and the card was issued prior to January 1, 1988. The statute was amended to eliminate the additional specified required information for an inmate identification card and to provide that an inmate in custody in prison can use an identification card issued by the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation if the card is current or has been issued within 5 years.

Please note that inmate identification cards issued by the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation only are a valid form of identification for inmates in California state prison. Identification cards issued by federal prisons, county jails or city jails are not authorized forms of identification.

The change to notarial law provided by Assembly Bill 924 is as follows:

California Government Code section 8214.1 – Grounds for Denial of a Notary Public Application or Suspension or Revocation of a Notary Public Commission. Existing law provides grounds for denial of a notary public application, or suspension or revocation of a notary public commission. The statute was amended to add commission of an act in violation of California Penal Code section 487a(a) as a ground for administrative action against an application or commission.

www.CaliforniaNotaryClasses.com